

Chapter 6 In-class Practice: Trigonometry

1. For the following values of $\sin x$, determine the **exact radian value** of x if $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$.

a) $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

b) -1

2. For the following, use related acute angle to write an equivalent expression and then evaluate.

$$\cot\left(-\frac{5\pi}{3}\right) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

3. Solve the following equations, leave your answer in radian and rounded to 2 decimal places.

a) $\sec x = 1.5$

b) $\tan x = -2.45$

4. The terminal arm of an angle in standard position passes through the point $(-2, -3)$. Find the radian value of the angle to the nearest hundredth in the interval of $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$.

5. $f(x) = -2 \sin \left[3 \left(x - \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \right] - 2$, describe the followings and sketch one full period:

- a) Amplitude:
- b) Period:
- c) Equation of axis:
- d) Phase shift:



6. The average depth of water at the end of a dock is 6 feet. This varies 2 feet in both directions with the tide. Suppose there is a high tide at 4am. If the tide goes from low to high every 6 hours:

- a) Write a cosine function $d(t)$ describing the depth of the water as a function of time with $t = 4$ corresponding to 4am.
- b) Sketch one period.
- c) Determine the depth of water at 6:45am.
- d) Determine at what two times within one cycle is the tide at a depth of 5.5 feet?

