**6.** Explain what transformations you would need to apply to the graph of y = f(x) to graph each function.

$$\mathbf{a)} \quad y = f\left(\frac{1}{3}(x+4)\right)$$

c) 
$$y = -3f(2(x-1)) - 3$$

**b)** 
$$y = 2f(-(x-3)) + 1$$

\*\*Also write mapping notation for each.

Answer:

- **6.** a) Horizontal stretch of factor 3, then a translation 4 units to the left.
- b) Vertical stretch of factor 2, then a reflection over the y-axis, then a translation 3 units to the right and 1 unit up.
- c) Vertical stretch of factor 3, then a reflection over the x-axis, then a horizontal compression of factor  $\frac{1}{2}$ , then a translation 1 unit to the right and 3 units down.

a) 
$$(x,y) \rightarrow (3x-4, y)$$
  
b)  $(x,y) \rightarrow (-x+3, 2y+1)$   
c)  $(x,y) \rightarrow (0.5x+1, -3y-3)$ 

- 11. The function y = f(x) has been transformed to y = f(kx). Determine the value of k for each transformation.
  - a) a horizontal stretch by the factor 4
  - **b)** a horizontal compression by the factor  $\frac{1}{2}$
  - c) a reflection in the y-axis
  - d) a horizontal compression by the factor  $\frac{1}{5}$  and a reflection in the y-axis

Answer:

**11.** a) 
$$k = \frac{1}{4}$$
.

**b**) 
$$k = 2$$

c) 
$$k = -1$$

**d**) 
$$k = -5$$