Answers-RM 1-9: Comparing Analytical and Normative Economics

Name:			
Course:			
Date:			

Analytical Economics

1. What is the branch of analytical economics based on?

Analytical economics is based on objective analysis of facts and data.

2. What is it also known as?

It is also known as positive economics.

3. Statements Used in Analytical Economics:

- Descriptive: Statements that describe the current situation based on data (e.g., "Unemployment is at 6%").
- Conditional: Statements that predict outcomes based on certain conditions (e.g., "If prices rise, demand will decrease").

4. Characteristics:

- Fact-based.
- Objective and free from opinions.
- Focuses on "what is" rather than "what ought to be."

5. Specific Example:

"Canada's GDP grew by 2.5% last year."

Normative Economics

1. What is normative economics based on?

 Normative economics is based on opinions, values, and judgments about what should happen.

2. What is it also known as?

It is also known as policy economics.

3. Statements Used in Normative Economics:

Value Judgements: Statements that include opinions or recommendations (e.g.,
"The government should reduce taxes to stimulate the economy").

4. Characteristics:

- Opinion-based.
- Subjective and influenced by values.
- Focuses on "what ought to be."

5. Specific Example:

"The government should increase minimum wage to reduce poverty."

Why is it important to blend analytical and normative economics when dealing with serious matters?

 Blending analytical and normative economics allows policymakers to base decisions on factual data (analytical economics) while also considering ethical and societal goals (normative economics). This balance ensures informed and value-driven decision-making.

Determine whether each statement is descriptive, conditional, or a value judgement:

- 1. If income taxes are increased, consumer spending will decrease.
 - Conditional
- 2. Governments should provide affordable daycare for working parents.
 - Value Judgement
- 3. Canadian softwood lumber exports to the United States are down 15 percent from last year.
 - Descriptive
- 4. When interest rates rise substantially, some people may not be able to afford their mortgage payments.
 - Conditional
- 5. I should pay for worker training if I want my employees to be more productive.
 - Conditional