ESLC/DO - How to Write an Essay

1st Paragraph: The Introduction -

This paragraph tells the reader what you will be arguing or discussing in your essay.

- 1) Opening Statement or Hook Start with an interesting fact, statistic, quotation or story that is related to the topic of your essay.
- 2) **Background** Explain to the reader what the topic of our essay is and why it is worth discussing.
- 2) Thesis: This is the main point that you are going to make in your essay. Tell us which person you are going to talk about and why.

 Create a complex sentence that includes the three main points that will be discussed in your essay, proving that your chosen person is worthy of being recognized.

Paragraphs 2, 3, 4: The Body

These paragraphs are where you will make your arguments and prove your points. Each paragraph discusses a different point, as written in your thesis statement.

- 1) Topic Sentence: Clearly tell the reader what you will be proving in this paragraph. What is the first reason that proves your subject deserves recognition? This should be a character trait, achievement or contribution to society.
- 2) Example #1: Give one specific example that shows the person doing something as described in your topic sentence. What have they done? Be specific!
- 3) Explanation #1: Explain how example #1 shows that the person has the character trait or why this achievement is important and worthy of being recognized.
- 4) **Example #2**: Give another example that shows the person has this trait.

5) **Explanation #2**: Explain how this example shows that the person has the character trait or why this achievement is important and worthy of being recognized.

You can add as many examples and explanations as you want. You MUST have at least 2 examples and explanations, but if you want to challenge yourself try to come up with 3.

5th Paragraph: The Conclusion -

This is where you remind the readers of what you just proved.

- 1) **Restate your Thesis**: Say your thesis again. Try to say it using different words so it isn't exactly the same as the introduction.
- 2) Final Thought: Leave your reader with a final thought that keeps them thinking about your essay. This could be an opinion about the topic, a connection to how this topic affects you, a truth or lesson learned from this person.