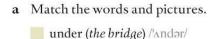
Expressing movement

VOCABULARY BANK



- along (*the street*) /ə'ləŋ/
- around (the lake) /əˈraʊnd/
- through (*the tunnel*) /θru/
- into (*the store*) /'ıntu/ across (*the road*) /ə'krəs/
- over (the bridge) /'ouvət/
- up (the steps) /Ap/
- past (the church) /pæst/
- toward (the lake) /'touərd/
- 1 down (the steps) /daon/
- out of (the store) /'aut əv/

\mathcal{O} in(to) and out (of)

After a verb of movement we use either in / out or into / out of + place, e.g., Come **in**. Come **into** my office. He ran **out**. He ran **out of** the room.

- b (4 57)) Listen and check.
- c Cover the words. Where did Snowy go?

(He went down the steps...

🔎 away, off, and back

We use **away** to express movement to another place, e.g., **Go away**! I don't want to speak to you. The man **ran away** when he saw the police officer.



We use **back** to express movement to the place where something or somebody was before, e.g., After dinner we **went back** to our hotel. Their dog ran away and never **came back**.



We use **off** to express movement down or away, e.g., **Get off** the bus at the train station. The man **ran off** when he saw the police officer.



