

FORMULA SHEET:

MHF4U 12 ADVANCED FUNCTIONS

TRIGONOMETRY	POLYNOMIALS								
<p style="margin-left: 20px;"> $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$ $\sin \theta = \frac{y}{r}$ $\csc \theta = \frac{r}{y}$ $\cos \theta = \frac{x}{r}$ $\sec \theta = \frac{r}{x}$ $\tan \theta = \frac{y}{x}$ $\cot \theta = \frac{x}{y}$ </p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;"><i>arc length a = rθ</i></p> <p>Quotient Identity: $\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$</p> <p>Pythagorean Identities: $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$ $\tan^2 \theta + 1 = \sec^2 \theta$ $\cot^2 \theta + 1 = \csc^2 \theta$</p> <p>Compound Angle Formulae: $\sin(a + b) = \sin a \cos b + \cos a \sin b$ $\cos(a + b) = \cos a \cos b - \sin a \sin b$ $\tan(a + b) = \frac{\tan a + \tan b}{1 - \tan a \tan b}$</p> <p>Double Angle Formulae: $\sin(2a) = 2 \sin a \cos a$ $\cos(2a) = \cos^2 a - \sin^2 a$ $ = 1 - 2 \sin^2 a$ $ = 2 \cos^2 a - 1$ $\tan(2a) = \frac{2 \tan a}{1 - \tan^2 a}$</p>	<p>Difference of Squares: $x^2 - y^2 = (x - y)(x + y)$ Difference of Cubes: $x^3 - y^3 = (x - y)(x^2 + xy + y^2)$ Sum of Cubes: $x^3 + y^3 = (x + y)(x^2 - xy + y^2)$</p> <tr style="background-color: #ADD8E6;"> <th style="text-align: center;">RATIONAL EQUATIONS</th> <th style="text-align: center;">$\frac{p(x)}{q(x)}$</th> </tr> <p>Vertical Asymptotes: $q(x) = 0$ Horizontal Asymptote : $y=0 \rightarrow \partial p < \partial q$ $ y = \frac{a_n}{a_n} \rightarrow \partial p = \partial q$ Oblique Asymptote: $y = \text{quotient} \rightarrow \partial p = \partial q + 1$ Zeroes : $p(x) = 0$ y-intercept: set $x = 0$</p> <tr style="background-color: #ADD8E6;"> <th style="text-align: center;">RECIPROCAL EQUATIONS</th> <th style="text-align: center;">$\frac{1}{f(x)}$</th> </tr> <p>Vertical Asymptotes: $f(x) = 0$ Horizontal Asymptote : $y=0$ Zeroes : none y-intercept: $\frac{1}{y-int}$</p> <tr style="background-color: #ADD8E6;"> <th colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Rate of CHANGE</th> </tr> <p>Average rate of change = slope of secant = $\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$ Instantaneous rate of change $ = \text{slope of tangent}$ $ = \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$</p> <tr style="background-color: #ADD8E6;"> <th colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">LOGARITHM LAWS</th> </tr> <p>$\log_a b = \frac{\log_c b}{\log_c a}$ $\log_a(b^c) = c \log_a b$ $\log_a(bc) = \log_a b + \log_a c$ $a^{\log_a b} = b$ $\log_a\left(\frac{b}{c}\right) = \log_a b - \log_a c$</p>	RATIONAL EQUATIONS	$\frac{p(x)}{q(x)}$	RECIPROCAL EQUATIONS	$\frac{1}{f(x)}$	Rate of CHANGE		LOGARITHM LAWS	
RATIONAL EQUATIONS	$\frac{p(x)}{q(x)}$								
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MODELLING FUNCTIONS									
<p>Linear $y = mx + b$ Initial value b Exponential $y = ab^x$ Initial value a Logistic $y = \frac{c}{1 + ab^x}$ Carrying capacity c</p>									