

COURSE NAME: MPM2D – Principles of Mathematics						
Accumulative Activities: 10 AS Learning: Topics: (1.1 to 4.6)	Student's Name: Student#:					
Teacher: Antonio Pietrangelo Time: Throughout Course	Due Date: Tuesday, February 13 th , 2024 2:30 pm EST					
Pages: 17, plus	Mark: /100					

Categories	Knowledge/	Thinking/Inquiry/	Communication	Application
	Understanding	Problem Solving		
Symbol	K/U	T/I	С	А
Weight	25 %	25 %	25 %	25 %
Level	N/A	N/A	N/A	



Overall Expectations:

Expectations as listed in the Ontario Curriculum course outline for your specific course.

Specific Expectations: Chapter/Unit 1 - Systems of Linear Equations 1.1 Representing Linear Relations 1.2 Solving Linear Equations 1.3 Graphically Solving Linear Systems 1.4 Solving Linear Systems: Substitution **1.5 Equivalent Linear Systems 1.6 Solving Linear Systems: Elimination 1.7 Exploring Linear Systems** Chapter 2: Analytic Geometry: Line Segments and Circles, and Advanced Shapes 2.1 Midpoint of a Line Segment 2.2 Length of a Line Segment 2.3 Equation of a Circle 2.4 Classifying Figures on a Coordinate Grid 2.5 Verifying Properties of Geometric Figures 2.6 Exploring Properties of Geometric Figures 2.7 Using Coordinates to Solve Problems **Chapter 3: Graphs of Quadratic** 3.1 Exploring Quadratic Relations 3.2 Properties of Graphs of Quadratic Relations 3.3 Factored Form of a Quadratic Relation **3.4 Expanding Quadratic Expressions** 3.5 Quadratic Models Using Factored Form 3.6 Exploring Quadratic and Exponential Graphs **Chapter 4: Factoring Algebraic 4.1 Common Factors in Polynomials** 4.2 Exploring the Factorization of Trinomials 4.3 Factoring Quadratics: $x^2 + bx + c$, where (a = 1) 4.4 Factoring Quadratics: $x^2 + bx + c$, where $(a \neq 1)$ 4.5 Factoring Quadratics: Special Cases 4.6 Reasoning about Factoring Polynomials



Rubrics:

Category	Level R (0 – 49%)	Level 1 (50-59%)	Level 2 (60-69%)	Level 3 (70-79%)	Level 4 (80-100%)	Level/ Mark
Knowledge - Understanding of (Specific	demonstrates insufficient understanding	demonstrates limited understanding	demonstrates some understanding	demonstrates considerable understanding	demonstrates thorough understanding	
Expectations: 1.1 to 4.6 - Accumulative)						
				Individual: Mark:		



Category	Level R (0 – 49%)	Level 1 (50-59%)	Level 2 (60-69%)	Level 3 (70-79%)	Level 4 (80-100%)	Level/ Mark
Thinking and Inquiry (What if scenarios) of:	demonstrates insufficient ability to apply different scenarios	demonstrates limited ability to apply different scenarios	demonstrates some ability to apply different scenarios	demonstrates considerable ability to apply different scenarios	demonstrates through ability to apply different scenarios	5
(Specific Expectations: 1.1 to 4.6 - Accumulative)						
				Individual: Mark:		



Category	Level R (0 – 49%	Level 1 (50-59%)	Level 2 (60-69%)	Level 3 (70-79%)	Level 4 (80-100%)	Level/ Mark
Communication						
Communicates effectively	demonstrates insufficient ability to communicate effectively	demonstrates limited ability to communicate effectively	demonstrates some ability to communicate effectively	demonstrates considerable ability to communicate effectively	demonstrates through ability to communicate effectively	
(Specific Expectations: 1.1 to 4.6 - Accumulative)						
				Individual: Mark:		



Category	Level R (0 – 49%	Level 1 (50-59%)	Level 2 (60-69%)	Level 3 (70-79%)	Level 4 (80-100%)	Level/ Mark
Application:						
Demonstrates the ability to apply mathematical principles to real world situations.	demonstrates insufficient ability	demonstrates limited ability	demonstrates some ability	demonstrates considerable ability	demonstrates thorough ability	
(Specific Expectations: 1.1 to 4.6 - Accumulative)						
				Individual: Mark:		<u> </u>



PART A: KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING (K/U) – 25% - 100%, PART B: THINKING AND INQUIRY (T/I) - 25% to 100%, if implemented PART C: COMMUNICATION (C) – 25 to 100%, if implemented PART D: APPLICATION (A) – 25% to 100%, if implemented

Each activity will be out of 10 marks, and can be an assessment of one or more of PART A through D. The percentages will be adjusted depending on what sections have been implemented.



PART D: APPLICATION (A) - 100%

Activity 10: Factor these quadratic equations of the form $y=ax^2+bx+c$, where $a \neq 1$

For each quadratic equation find the following (Show all required details of work):

- 1. Find the factors, if possible and
- 2. Put the equation into factored form y = a(x r)(x s)
- 3. Find the axis of symmetry
- 4. Find the vertex of the parabola
- 5. Graph the equation using the details above

<u>See example below for $6x^2 - 5x + 1$:</u>

$6x^2 - 5x + 1$	Factors	Product	Sum (b)		$=6x^2 - 5x + 1$
	(a x c) = 6		b = a + c		$=6x^{2} - 2x - 3x + 1$
a = 6					=2x(3x-1)-(3x-1)
b = -5	1, 6	6	7		=(3x -1)(2x -1)
c = 1	2, 3	6	5		Expand to prove:
	-1, -6	6	-7		=(3x - 1)(2x - 1)
	-2, -3	6	-5		$=6x^{2} - 3x - 2x + 1$ $=6x^{2} - 5x + 1$
Find axis of symmetry;	y = (3x -1) (2	2x -1)			$x_1 = r = \frac{1}{3} = 0.3334$
occurs where y = 0	0 = (3x -1) (2	2x -1)			3
					$x_2 = s = \frac{1}{2} = 0.50$
	Factor 1:				
	0 = (3x - 1)	<= Solve for	x		
			$X_{S} = \frac{(r+s)}{2} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}}{2}$		
	-3x = -1				Ζ Ζ
	$X_1 = \frac{-1}{-3} = \frac{1}{3}$				$x_{S} = \frac{\frac{2}{6} + \frac{3}{6}}{2}$
	Factor 2:				$x_{s} = \frac{5}{6} x \frac{1}{2}$
	0 = (2x -1) <	= Solve for	x		0 2
	$-2x = -1$ $x_2 = \frac{-1}{-2} = \frac{1}{2}$				$x_{s} = \frac{5}{12} = 0.4167$



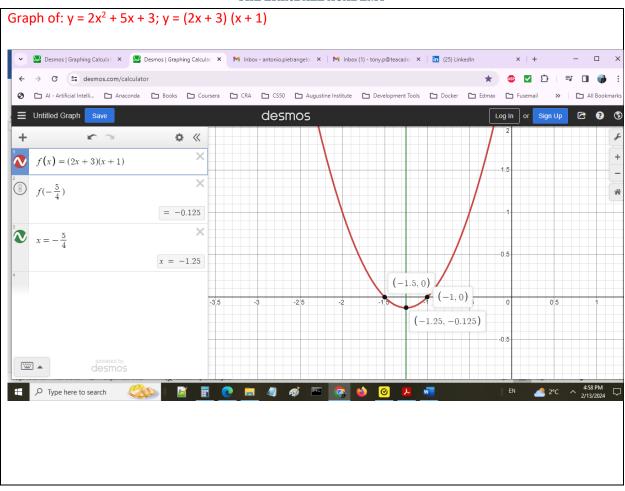
Find vertex	Y=f(x _s) = (3x -1) (2x -1)		$f(\frac{5}{12}) = (\frac{3}{12})(\frac{-2}{12})$
$f(x_s)$, where x_s the axis of			
symmetry	$f(\frac{5}{12}) = (3(\frac{5}{12}) - 1)(2(\frac{5}{12}) - 1)$		$f(\frac{5}{12}) = (\frac{1}{4})(\frac{-1}{6}) = \frac{-1}{24}$
	$f(\frac{5}{12}) = ((\frac{15}{12} - \frac{12}{12})(\frac{10}{12} - \frac{12}{12})$		$y = f(\frac{5}{12}) = \frac{-1}{24} = -0.0417$
$Vertex(\frac{5}{12}, \frac{-1}{24})$	12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12,		12 24
Graph of: $6x^2 - 5x + 1$			
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← → C C desmos.com/calculator			★ 💩 🖸 Ď ₹ 🖬 🎲 :
Al - Artificial Intelli Anaconda Dittilled Graph Save	Books Coursera CRA CS50 Augustine Institute	Development Tools Docker	Log In or Sign Up C ? Sign Up
	* «		
f(x) = (3x - 1)(2x - 1)	×		+
$f\left(\frac{5}{12}\right)$	×0.4		-
= -0.04166666	66667		
$x = \frac{5}{12}$	×		
x = 0.41666666	66667		
	(0.3333,		
	0 02	0.4 (0.4167, -0.	06 08 1
powered by desmos	A	(0.4107, -0.	
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Continue with the following quadratic equations as per above

2x ² + 5x + 3 a = 2 b = 5 c = 3	Factors (a x c) = 6 1, 6 2, 3	Product 12 12	Sum (b) b = a + c 7 5	$=2x^{2} + 5x + 3$ =2x ² + 2x + 3x + 3 =2x(x + 1) + 3(x + 1) =(x + 1)(2x + 3) Expand to prove: =(x + 1)(2x + 3) =2x ² + 3x + 2x + 3 =2x ² + 5x + 3
Find axis of symmetry; occurs where y = 0	y = (x + 1)(2) y = (2x + 3) (0 = (2x + 3) (x + 1)		$x_1 = r = -\frac{3}{2} = -1.5$ Type equation here. $x_2 = s = -1$
	Factor 1: $0 = (2x + 3)^{-2x} = 3^{-2x} = 3^{-3}^{-3}$ $x_1 = -\frac{3}{2}^{-3}$ Factor 2:	3)		$x_{S} = \frac{(r+s)}{2} = \frac{\frac{-3}{2} + \frac{-2}{2}}{2}$ $x_{S} = \frac{\frac{-5}{2}}{2}$ $x_{S} = \frac{-5}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$
	0 = (x + 1) x ₂ = -1			$x_{S} = \frac{-5}{4}$
Find vertex f(x _s), where x _s the axis of symmetry	$Y = f(x_s) = (2x)$ $f(\frac{-5}{4}) = (2(\frac{-5}{4}))$)	Vertex(x, y) = $(\frac{-5}{4}, \frac{-1}{8})$
Vertex (x _s , y)	$f(\frac{-5}{4}) = (\frac{-10}{4})$ $f(\frac{-5}{4}) = \frac{-1}{8} = \frac{-1}{8}$	T T T	$= (\frac{2}{4})(\frac{-1}{4})$	



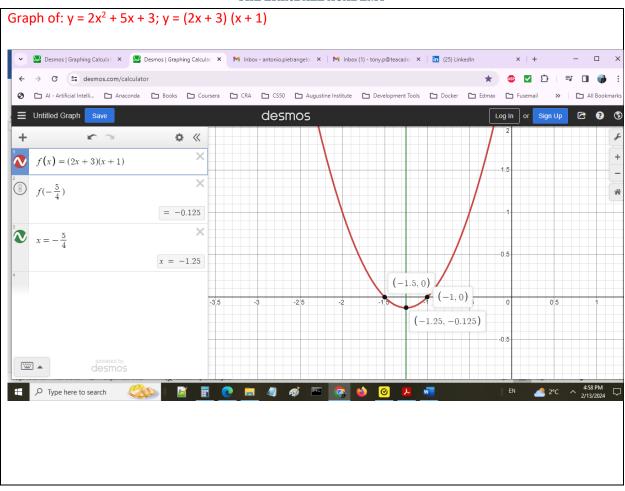




Continue with the following quadratic equations as per above

$2x^2 + 5x + 3$	Factors	Product	Sum (h)	$=2x^{2}+5x+3$
2X + JX + 3	Factors	Product	Sum (b)	
	(a x c) = 6		b = a + c	$=2x^{2}+2x+3x+3$
	1,6	6	7	= 2x(x+1) + 3(x+1)
a = 2	1,0	Ū		=(x + 1)(2x + 3)
b = 5	2, 3	6	5	
c = 3				Expand to prove:
L = 5				=(x + 1)(2x + 3)
				$=2x^{2}+3x+2x+3$
				$=2x^{2}+5x+3$
Find axis of	y = (x + 1)(2)	x + 3)		3
symmetry; occurs	y = (2x + 3) (•		$x_1 = r = -\frac{3}{2}$
where $y = 0$	0 = (2x + 3)			Type equation here.
	0 (2/ 0)	(// -)		$x_2 = s = -1$
				$x_2 - 3 - 1$
	Factor 1:			$(7+2)$ $\frac{-3}{-2} + \frac{-2}{-2}$
	0 = (2x + 3	2)		$X_{S} = \frac{(r+s)}{2} = \frac{\frac{-3}{2} + \frac{-2}{2}}{2}$
	•	5)		
	-2x = 3			<u>-5</u>
	$x_1 = -\frac{3}{2}$			$\mathbf{x}_{\mathrm{S}} = \frac{\frac{-5}{2}}{2}$
	2			
	Factor 2:			$x_{s} = \frac{-5}{2} x \frac{1}{2}$
	0 = (x + 1)			2 2
				$x_{s} = \frac{-5}{4}$
	x ₂ = -1			$x_{S} = \frac{1}{4}$
Eind vorter	$V = f(y_1) = f(y_2)$	+ 2) (y + 1)		
Find vertex	$Y=f(x_s)=(2x$	+ 3) (X + 1)		Vertex(x, y) = $(\frac{-5}{4}, \frac{-1}{8})$
f(x _s), where x _s the	5	55		
axis of symmetry	$f(\frac{-5}{4}) = (2(\frac{-5}{4}))$	$(\frac{3}{4}) + 3)(\frac{3}{4} + 1)$)	
	$f(\frac{-5}{4}) = (\frac{-10}{4})$	$+\frac{12}{4}\left(\frac{-5}{4}+\frac{4}{4}\right)$	$= \left(\frac{2}{4}\right)\left(\frac{-1}{4}\right)$	
Vertex (x _s , y)	4 4	+ + 4	4 4	
	$f(\frac{-5}{4}) = \frac{-1}{8} =$	- 0.125		
	4 ð			







==== next quadratic equation: $3x^2 + 7x + 4$ ======

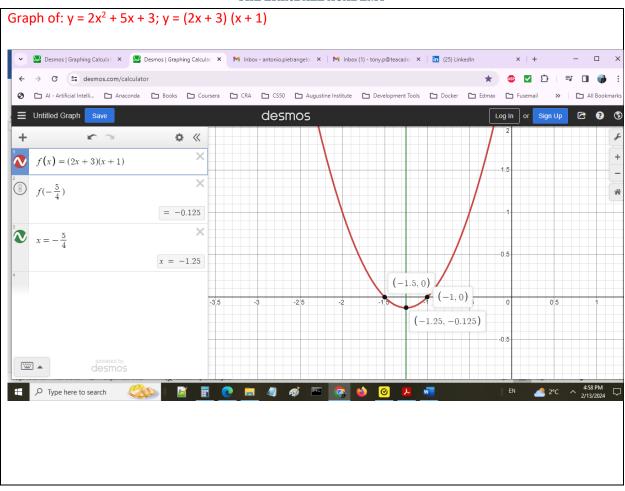
$3x^2 + 7x + 4$	
$6x^2 + 5x + 1$	
$6x^2 + 11x + 1$	
$2x^2 + 7x + 5$	
$2x^{2} + 7x + 5$	
6y ² + 19y + 8	
12q ² + 17q + 6	



Continue with the following quadratic equations as per above

3x ² + 7x + 4 a = 3 b = 7 c = 4	Factors (a x c) = 12 1, 12 2, 6	Product 12 12	Sum (b) b = a + c 13 5	$=2x^{2} + 5x + 3$ =2x ² + 2x + 3x + 3 =2x(x + 1) + 3(x + 1) =(x + 1)(2x + 3) Expand to prove: =(x + 1)(2x + 3) =2x ² + 3x + 2x + 3 =2x ² + 5x + 3
Find axis of symmetry; occurs where y = 0	Y = (x + 1)(2x + 1)((+ 1) (+ 1)		$x_{1} = r = -\frac{3}{2}$ Type equation here. $x_{2} = s = -1$ $x_{S} = \frac{(r+s)}{2} = \frac{\frac{-3}{2} + \frac{-2}{2}}{2}$ $x_{S} = \frac{\frac{-5}{2}}{2}$
Find vertex $f(x_s)$, where x_s the axis of symmetry	$x_{1} = -\frac{3}{2}$ Factor 2: $0 = (x + 1)$ $x_{2} = -1$ $Y = f(x_{s}) = (2x + 1)$ $f(\frac{-5}{4}) = (2(\frac{-5}{4}))$)	$x_{S} = \frac{-5}{2}$ $x_{S} = \frac{-5}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$ $x_{S} = \frac{-5}{4}$ Vertex(x, y) = $(\frac{-5}{4}, \frac{-1}{8})$
Vertex (x _s , y)	$f(\frac{-5}{4}) = (\frac{-10}{4} + \frac{-5}{4}) = \frac{-1}{8} = -\frac{-1}{8}$		$= (\frac{2}{4})(\frac{-1}{4})$	







THANK YOU!!!