- 1. Show that the graph of  $f(x) = ax^4 + bx^3$  has two points of inflection. Show that the x-coordinate of one of these points lies midway between the x-intercepts.
- 2. Find the value of the constant b such that the function  $f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} + \frac{b}{x}$  has a point of inflection at x = 3.
- 3. Sketch the graph of a function with the following properties:
  - a)
    - f'(x) > 0 when x < 2 and when 2 < x < 5
    - f'(x) < 0 when x > 5
    - f'(2) = 0 and f'(5) = 0
    - f''(x) < 0 when x < 2 and when 4 < x < 7
    - f''(x) > 0 when 2 < x < 4 and when x > 7
    - f(0) = -4
  - b)
    - f(-10) = f(-2) = f(8) = 0, f(0) = -6, f(12) = 4
    - f'(-6) = 0, f''(-6) < 0, f(-6) = 6
    - f''(x) < 0 when  $x \in (-\infty, 1), (1, 12), f''(x) > 0$  when x > 12
    - f(1) = -14, f'(1) = DNE and  $\lim_{x \to 1^{-}} f'(x) = -\infty$  and  $\lim_{x \to 1^{+}} f'(x) = \infty$

c)

- Domain:  $\{x | x \neq -6, x \in R\}$
- f(-3) = 4, f(0) = 2, f(3) = 0, f(5) = 1, f(7) = 3, f(9) = 2.5
- f''(x) > 0 when  $x \in (-\infty, -6), (0, 5), (9, \infty)$

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$$\lim_{x \to +\infty} f(x) = 2$$
,  $\lim_{x \to -6^+} f(x) = -\infty$ 

- f'(-3) = 0, f''(-3) < 0, f'(3) = 0, f''(3) > 0, f'(7) = 0, f''(7) < 0
- f''(0) = f''(5) = f''(9) = 0