Name:					

Choose the correct answer for each question

1. Which of the following best describes why we can	2. Objects drawn completely below the horizon line						
see an object?	will show their						
A. Light hits an object and our brain interprets the image.	A. Tops B. Bottom						
B. Light hits an object and reflects to our eyes.	C. Tops and bottoms D. Neither the tops nor the bottom						
C. Shadows create a pattern we can recognize.							
D. We can only see objects in a brightly lit room							
3. Which of the following best describes how line	4. What are the Elements of Art?						
and value work together?	A. Line, Shape, Color, Form, Space, Value,						
A. Lines add color, while value creates texture.	Texture						
B. Lines can define shapes, while value adds	B. Balance, contrast, movement,						
depth and contrast.	C. Balance, movement, unity						
C. Line creates patterns, and value adds space.	D. None of the above						
D. Line creates value by changing colors							
5. What term describes the degree of lightness or	6. Which of the following is NOT an example of a						
darkness in a work of art?	line?						
A. Color B. Shape C. Value D. Form	A. vertical B. diagonal c. wavy D. circle						
7. If you want to create a realistic sense of depth in	8. Which of the following best describes a contour						
your drawing, which of the following should you	line?						
include?	A. A line that shows shading and light						
A. Only the highlight and halftone	B. A line that outlines the edges of a shape						
B. All five properties of light	C. A line that adds color						
C. Just a core shadow and highlight	D. A line used only for perspective						
D. Reflected light only							
9. Value, one of the elements of art, can be arranged using a:	10. An artwork that uses this element must be three-dimensional.						
A. ladder B. square C. chart D. scale	A. form B. space C. line D. texture						

11.The horizon line is always found	12. Objects that are the same size appear to					
A. at the center of the page B. above eye level C. below eye level D. at eye level	as they move away from the viewer. A. Get larger B. Get more realistic C. Get smaller D. Stay the same size					
Watch each item with its correct description. 1 Hatching						
2 Cross-Hatching						
3 Stippling						
4 Blending						
5 Vanishing Point						
6 Horizon Line						
A. A technique where the artist builds up	shading using small dots of ink or pencil.					
B. A technique where lines cross over each	h other to create darker values.					
C. The point(s) in perspective where paral	llel lines appear to converge, and something					

moves.

Finger

D. so far away from your view that it just vanishes.

E. A method using smooth transitions between values, often with a blending tool or

F. A technique where shading is created with parallel lines in the same direction.

G. A line where the sky meets the ground and vanishing points are often located on.